

GRADUATE EMPLOYMENT SURVEY

419 fresh graduates and 49 follow-up graduates from SUTD were surveyed in November 2025 and the overall response rates obtained were 74.9% and 73.5% respectively.

SUTD: 2025 GES Employment Rates¹ and Salaries of Graduates by Bachelor Degree

Degree	Response Rate	Proportion of Graduates in the Labour Force who had/were			Basic Monthly Salary ⁵		Gross Monthly Salary ⁶			
		Secured Employment ²	Currently Employed ³	In Full-Time Permanent Employment ⁴	Mean	Median	Mean	Median	25 th Percentile	75 th Percentile
Bachelor of Engineering										
Bachelor of Engineering (Computer Science and Design)	72%	91.7%	86.8%	76.9%	\$5,313	\$5,000	\$5,375	\$5,000	\$4,800	\$5,825
Bachelor of Engineering (Engineering Product Development)	72%	84.2%	80.7%	71.9%	\$4,905	\$4,900	\$5,020	\$4,965	\$4,500	\$5,400
Bachelor of Engineering (Engineering Systems and Design)	75%	93.0%	91.2%	73.7%	\$4,393	\$4,525	\$4,595	\$4,900	\$4,100	\$5,200
Bachelor of Science										
Bachelor of Science (Architecture and Sustainable Design) ⁷	73%	97.1%	97.1%	91.4%	\$4,364	\$4,465	\$4,396	\$4,490	\$4,000	\$4,800
Bachelor of Science (Design and Artificial Intelligence)	93%	81.8%	81.8%	63.6%	\$4,617	\$4,850	\$4,652	\$4,925	\$4,096	\$5,393

Source: Graduate Employment Survey jointly conducted by NUS, NTU, SMU, SUTD, SIT and SUSS

Notes:

- Employment rates refer to the number of graduates employed as a proportion of graduates in the labour force (i.e. those who were working, or not working but actively looking and available for work) as at 1 November 2025 (i.e. approximately six months after completing their final examinations).
- Secured Employment refers to graduates (i) working on a full-time permanent, part-time, temporary or freelance basis, (ii) who had accepted a job offer and were starting later or (iii) who were taking steps to start a business venture.
- Currently Employed refers to graduates working on a full-time permanent, part-time, temporary or freelance basis.
- Full-time permanent employment refers to employment of at least 35 hours a week and where the employment is not temporary. It includes those on contracts of one year or more.
- Basic monthly salary pertains only to full-time permanently employed graduates. It comprises basic pay before deduction of the employee's CPF contributions and personal income tax. Employer's CPF contributions, bonuses, stock options, overtime payments, commissions, fixed allowances, other regular cash payments, lump sum payments, and payments-in-kind are excluded.
- Gross monthly salary pertains only to full-time permanently employed graduates. It comprises basic salary, overtime payments, commissions, fixed allowances and other regular cash payments, before deductions of the employee's CPF contributions and personal income tax. Employer's CPF contributions, bonuses, stock options, lump sum payments, and payments-in-kind are excluded.
- Data on Architecture and Sustainable Design graduates reflects outcomes for the class of 2022 BSc (ASD) graduates, and is obtained from a follow-up survey three years after graduation to allow those who chose to continue with the relevant qualification and training required for registration to complete them.

Frequently Asked Questions:

1. What do the response rates indicate?

The Graduate Employment Survey is a census, i.e. it polls all graduates from each course. The response rate for a course is the proportion of graduates in that course that responded to the survey. The higher the response rate, the greater the proportion of graduates who responded to the survey, and hence the more confident we are that the results represent the graduate cohort for the course. The target response rate for the Joint Autonomous University Graduate Employment Survey is 70%.

2. What is the difference between mean and median salaries?

The mean monthly salary is an average of the salaries of the full-time permanently employed graduates. The median monthly salary is the salary of the 'central' (i.e. 50th Percentile) graduate amongst the full-time permanently employed graduates when they are arranged by salary. It is useful to refer to these two indicators together. The median is a useful reference when the salaries are not symmetrically distributed (e.g. when the group contains graduates with exceptionally low or high salaries, especially when the number of respondents is relatively small).

For example, the median gross monthly salary for the Computer Science and Design course offered by SUTD shows that 50% of the graduates are earning more than \$5,000, and the mean gross monthly salary is \$5,375. This indicates that there are some high earners who have raised the

mean salary. In contrast, the mean gross monthly salary of Engineering Product Development graduates is less different from the median gross monthly salary. This indicates that the salaries are more evenly distributed on both sides of the median for this group of graduates.

3. *What do the 25th and 75th percentile gross monthly salaries indicate?*

If there are 100 students from that course who responded, then the 25th percentile (i.e. the lower quartile) gross monthly salary indicates that 25 graduates earn less than that salary, and the 75th percentile (i.e. the upper quartile) indicates that 75 graduates earn less than the gross monthly salary indicated.

Disclaimer

The data published in this document is provided on an “as is” basis without any warranties of any kind. To the fullest extent permitted by law, MOE does not warrant and hereby disclaims any warranty as to the accuracy, correctness, completeness, reliability or fitness for any particular purpose of such data. The reader of this document assumes all responsibility and risk for the use of such data. MOE shall not be liable for any damage or loss of any kind caused as a result (directly or indirectly) of the use of such data, including but not limited to any damage or loss suffered as a result of reliance on the data published in this document.